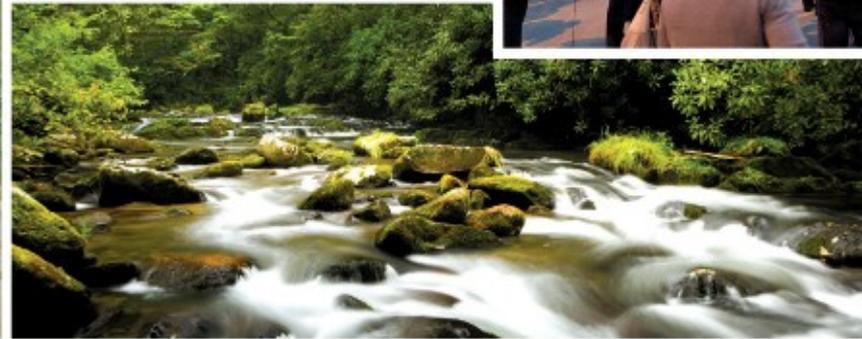
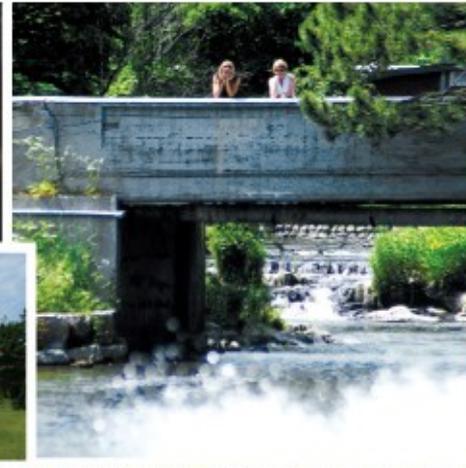
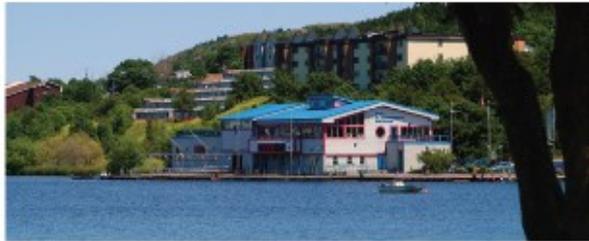


ST. JOHN'S



Agenda

- Quick Review of the ESEP TOR & Membership
- Sustainability Plan Framework
 - Quick Review of Energy and GHG Inventory
 - Quick Review of Climate Profile
- Next Steps
- Discussion: Multi-stakeholder Mitigation and Adaptation Team Invitations

Environment and Sustainability Experts Panel - TOR

The Committee will:

- Provide expert opinion on environment and sustainability matters to Council via the Committee of the Whole to advance the strategic direction of a sustainable City of St. John's.
- Review environmental requirements for new development or re-development within the City when referred by Council or through the development review process.
- Support the development and implementation of the City of St. John's Sustainability Plan.
- Provide recommendations and evidence on best practices enabling Evidence Based Decision Making to support the environmental and sustainability goals and objectives of the City of St. John's.

Environment and Sustainability

Experts Panel - TOR

Other Deliverables and Considerations:

- Advising on ways to further public awareness and understanding of environmental and sustainability matters as they relate to the City of St. John's.
- Liaising with and facilitating ongoing dialogue among stakeholders (e.g., sectoral groups, City Council, the Provincial Government, and the Federal Government) on matters relevant to the environment.
- The Committee may be consulted on any City public engagement process where obtaining the perspective of the environmental sector is identified.
- Review of development applications as referred to it by Council or the development review process

Environment and Sustainability Experts Panel

Name	Expertise
Joel Finnis, PhD	Climate Science & Resilience
Dennis Knight, MSc, MCIP	Sustainable Urban Planning & Economic Growth
Kieran Hanley, MBA	Sustainable Economic Growth
Krista Langthorne, BA, SEBT	Resilience & Natural Resources
Pablo Navarro	Socio-cultural & Quality of Life
Joseph Daraio, PhD, PEng	Sustainable Urban Planning & Resilience
Michel Wawrzkow, PEng, PGeo	Natural Environment & Resilience

A Sustainable City

A Sustainable City Demonstrates:

- Robust economic growth, prosperity, competitiveness
- Protection and conservation of natural resources
- Fostering overall city resilience, while reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- Inclusiveness and livability

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS



1

A SUSTAINABLE CITY

A city that is sustainable today and for future generations; economically, environmentally and financially.

Every decision the City makes impacts sustainability today and into the future. Focusing on policy and strategy that supports a vision for a strong economy, values the environment we live in, supports progressive land use planning, and clearly demonstrates value for money to residents, St. John's will be an affordable and sustainable place to live and do business.

Sustainability Plan Framework

Initiation

- Develop an Expert Panel, an Inter-Departmental Working group

Initiation



- Develop an Expert Panel, an Inter-Departmental Working group and a Multi-Stakeholder Working Group
- Refine the vision a sustainable St. John's (2030-2050)

Assessment



- Inventory baseline community and corporate greenhouse gas emissions
- Assess St. John's vulnerability & risk to climate change

Opportunities

- Proposed goals, strategies, and actions are presented to the community for feedback

Adoption and Implementation

- Draft one presented to public
- Final Plan & Adoption of Plan





Energy and Greenhouse Gas **Inventory:**
City of St. John's (2018)

St. John's Community

Energy & GHGs

ENERGY & EMISSIONS

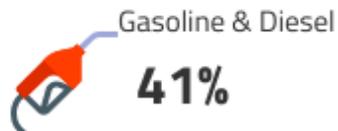


In 2018, St. John's consumed approximately **14.4 million gigajoules (GJ)** of energy, which emitted **667,113 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalents (tCO₂e)**.

Corporately in 2018, City operations and services consumed **365,625 GJ** of energy, which emitted **12,457 tCO₂e** (or about 2% of the community inventory).

IN THE COMMUNITY...

Energy used:



Greenhouse Gas Emissions:

The **Residential** sector consumed 28% of the total energy and emitted **15%** of the GHGs.

Transportation consumed approximately 41% of the energy use (gasoline and diesel) and emitted **59%** of the community's GHGs.

The **Institutional/Commercial/Industrial sector** consumed 31% of the energy and emitted **23%** of the GHG emissions.

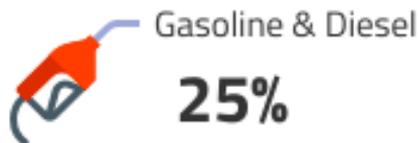
Waste (solid and wastewater) contributed 3% of the community's GHG emissions. **3%**

City of St. John's Corporate

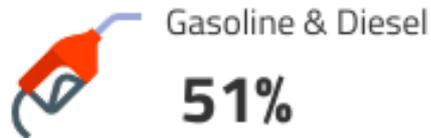
Energy & GHGs

CITY OF ST. JOHN'S...

Energy used:



Greenhouse Gas Emissions:



Transportation Sector



Facility Operations



Water & Wastewater



To Date..

Initiation



Develop an Expert Panel, an Inter-Departmental Working group
and a Multi-Stakeholder Working Group
Define the vision a sustainable St. John's (2030-2050)

Assessment



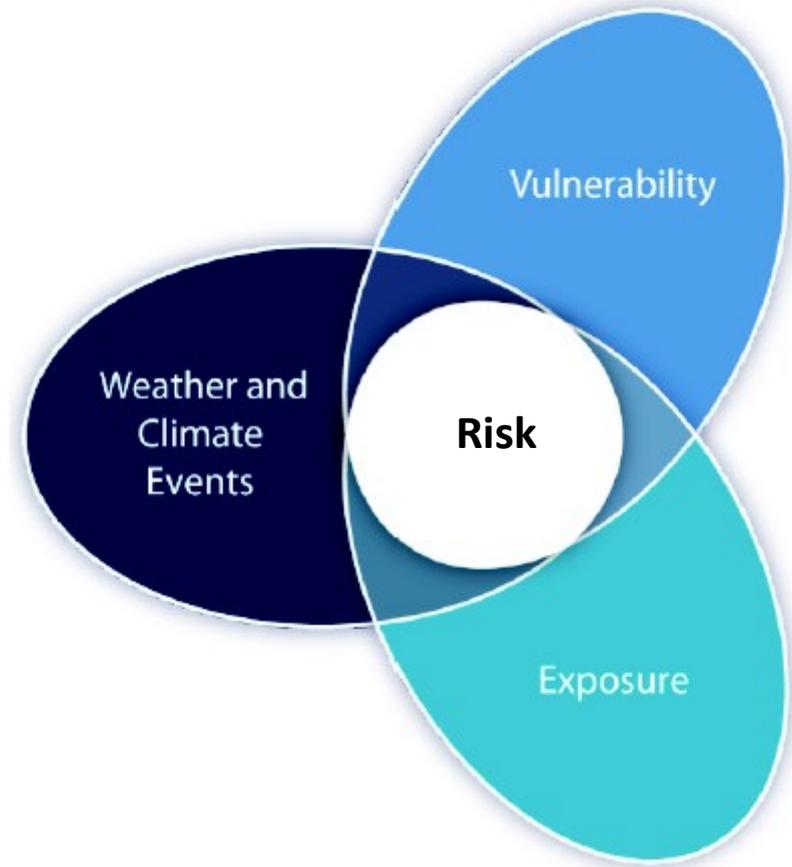
Inventory baseline community and corporate greenhouse gas
emissions



• Assess St. John's vulnerability & risk to climate change

Assess St. John's Vulnerability & Risk to Climate Change

- 1) Identify Climatic Changes
- 2) Multi-Stakeholder Group Adaptation Group
- 3) Vulnerability and Risk Assessment





City of **ST. JOHN'S**
Climate Profile



Identify Climatic Changes



City of **ST. JOHN'S**
Climate Profile: Observed Changes



Temperature Increases



Increased Length of
Frost-Free Periods



Changes in Precipitation
Frequency & Intensity
of Some Storms



Decrease in Snow
and Snow Cover



Sea Level Rise



Ocean Temperature Increases



Increase in Wave Heights
(Generally in the North Atlantic)

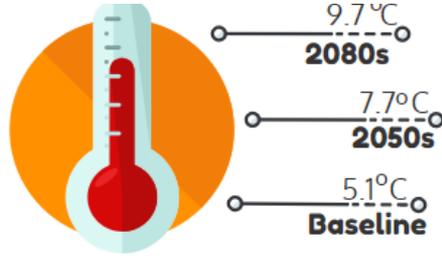


City of ST. JOHN'S

Climate Profile: Projected Changes

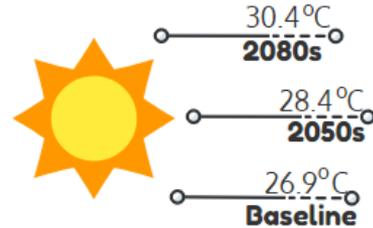
ANNUAL AVERAGE TEMPERATURE

Average, Minimum, and Maximum daily temperatures are projected to increase



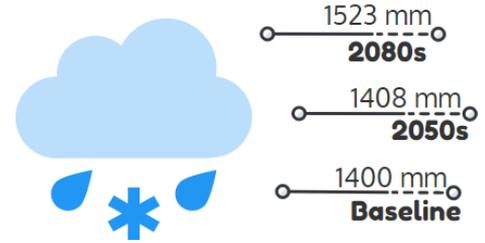
MAXIMUM DAILY TEMPERATURE

Increasing Annual Maximum Temperature



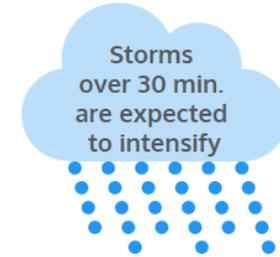
YEARLY MEAN PRECIPITATION

Yearly precipitation is expected to increase.



STORM EVENTS

Heavy precipitation events are expected to become more extreme.



SNOW

Snowfall is expected to decrease, while freezing rain and winter rain increases.



Surface Snow Thickness is Predicted to Decrease

60% by 2050s
90% by 2080s

SEA LEVEL

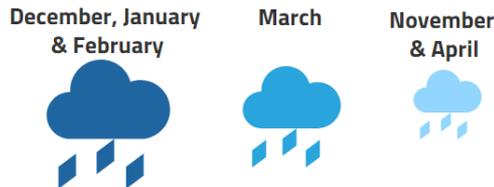
Sea Level is expected to rise by 75 to 100 cm

by 2100



FREEZING RAIN

Freezing rain events are expected to increase during winter, with little to no change in November or April.



WIND & GUSTS

There is significant uncertainty on wind projections



Wind speed are likely to increase

To read the full report or to learn more about the City's climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies, please visit the Sustainability page at stjohns.ca

Next Assessment Step

- 1) Multi-Stakeholder Group Teams
(Mitigation & Adaptation)
- 2) Workshops to Identify Vulnerabilities & Risks

